in which the processing establishment is located. The official must be authorized to issue the foreign meat inspection certificate required by part 327 of chapter III of this title. Upon arrival of the pork or pork products in the United States, the certificate must be presented to an authorized inspector at the port of arrival.

- (4) The processing establishment⁹ in a region listed in this section must comply with the following requirements:
- (i) All areas, utensils, and equipment likely to contact the pork or pork products to be processed, including skinning, deboning, cutting, and packing areas, and related utensils and equipment, must be cleaned and disinfected after processing pork or pork products not eligible for export to the United States and before processing any pork or pork products eligible for export to the United States.
- (ii) Pork or pork products eligible for export to the United States may not be handled, cut, or otherwise processed at the same time as any pork or pork products not eligible for export to the United States.
- (iii) Pork or pork products eligible for export to the United States must be packed in clean new packaging that is clearly distinguishable from that containing any pork or pork products not eligible for export to the United States.
- (b) Pork or pork products consigned from the port of arrival to an approved establishment under the provisions of paragraph (a)(2) of this section shall be moved from the port of arrival to the approved establishment under Customs seals or seals of the Administrator, and shall be otherwise handled as the Administrator, may direct in order to guard against the introduction and dissemination of the contagion of African swine fever. Seals applied under this section shall not be broken except by persons authorized to do so by the Administrator.

(c) Pork or pork products imported into the United States from a region listed in this section which do not meet the requirements specified in this section shall be seized, quarantined, and disposed of as the Administrator, may direct in order to guard against the introduction and dissemination of the contagion of the disease.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579–0015)

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EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §94.8, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and on GPO Access.

§ 94.9 Pork and pork products from regions where hog cholera exists.

- (a) Hog cholera is known to exist in all regions of the world except Australia; Canada; Denmark; England, except for East Anglia (Essex, Norfolk, and Suffolk counties); Fiji; Finland; Iceland; Isle of Man; New Zealand; Northern Ireland; Norway; the Republic of Ireland; Scotland; Sweden; Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands; and Wales.¹⁰
- (b) No pork or pork product may be imported into the United States from any region where hog cholera is known to exist unless it complies with the following requirements:
- (1) Such pork or pork product has been treated in accordance with one of the following procedures:
- (i) Such pork and pork product has been fully cooked by a commercial method in a container hermetically sealed promptly after filling but before such cooking, so that such cooking and sealing produced a fully sterilized product which is shelf-stable without refrigeration:
- (ii) Such pork or pork product is in compliance with the following requirements:
- (A) All bones were completely removed prior to cooking; and
- (B) Such pork or pork product was heated by other than a flash-heating

⁹As a condition of entry into the United States, pork or pork products must also meet all of the requirements of the Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) and regulations thereunder (9 CFR, chapter III, part 327), including requirements that the pork or pork products be prepared only in approved establishments.

¹⁰ See also other provisions of this part and parts 92, 95, and 96 of this chapter, and 327 of this title for other prohibitions and restrictions upon importation of swine and swine products

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method to an internal temperature of 69 °C. (156 °F.) throughout; or

- (iii) Such pork or pork product is in compliance with the following requirements:
- (A) All bones have been completely removed in the region of origin, and
- (B) The meat has been held in an unfrozen, fresh condition for at least 3 days immediately following the slaughter of the animals from which it was derived, and
- (C) The meat has been thoroughly cured and fully dried for a period of not less than 90 days so that the product is shelf stable without refrigeration: *Provided*, That the period of curing and drying shall be 45 days if the pork or pork product is accompanied to the processing establishment by a certificate of an official of the national government of a hog cholera free region which specifies that:
- (1) The pork involved originated in that region and the pork or pork product was consigned to a processing establishment in (a region not listed in paragraph (a) of this section as free of hog cholera), in a closed container sealed by the national veterinary authorities of the hog cholera free region by seals of a serially numbered type; and
- (2) The numbers of the seals used were entered on the meat inspection certificate of the hog cholera free region which accompanied the shipment from such free region: And, provided further, That the certificate required by paragraph (b)(3) of this section also states that: The container seals specified in paragraph (b)(1)(iii)(C)(1) of this section were found intact and free of any evidence of tampering on arrival at the processing establishment by a national veterinary inspector; and the processing establishment from which the pork or pork product is shipped to the United States does not receive or process any live swine, and uses only pork or pork product which originates in regions listed in paragraph (a) of this section as free of hog cholera and processes all such pork or pork products in accordance with paragraph (b)(1)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this section.
- (2) Articles under paragraph (b)(1)(ii) or (iii) of this section were prepared in an inspected establishment that is eli-

gible to have its products imported into the United States under the Federal Meat Inspection Act and §327.2 of this title; and.

- (3) In addition to the foreign meat inspection certificate required by §327.4 of this title, pork and pork products prepared under paragraph (b)(1)(ii) or (iii) of this section shall be accompanied by a certificate that states that the provisions of paragraph (b)(1)(ii) or (iii) of this section have been met. This certificate shall be issued by an official of the national government of the region of origin who is authorized to issue the foreign meat inspection certificate required by §327.4 of this title. 11 Upon arrival of the pork or pork products in the United States, the certificate must be presented to an authorized inspector at the port of arrival.
- (4) Small amounts of pork or pork product, subject to the restrictions in this section, may in specific cases be imported for purposes of examination, testing, or analysis if the importer applies for and receives written approval for such importation from the Administrator. Approval will be granted only when the Administrator determines that the articles have been processed by heat in a manner so that such importation will not endanger the livestock of the United States.
- (c) Thoroughly cured and fully dried pork and pork products from regions where both hog cholera and swine vesicular disease are known or considered to exist need not comply with paragraph (b)(1)(iii) of this section if they are in compliance with the provisions of §94.12(b)(1)((iii) of this part.

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[37 FR 21149, Oct. 6, 1972]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §94.9, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and on GPO Access.

¹¹The certification required may be placed on the foreign meat inspection certificate prescribed by §327.4 of this title or may be contained in a separate document.